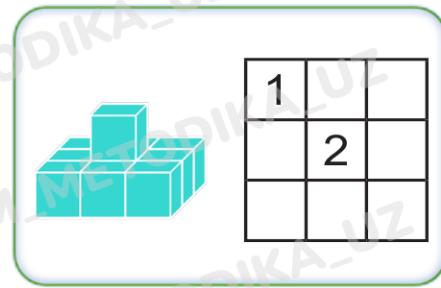
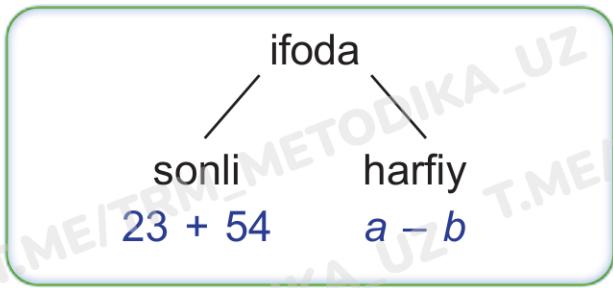


130. Sonli va harfiy ifodalar



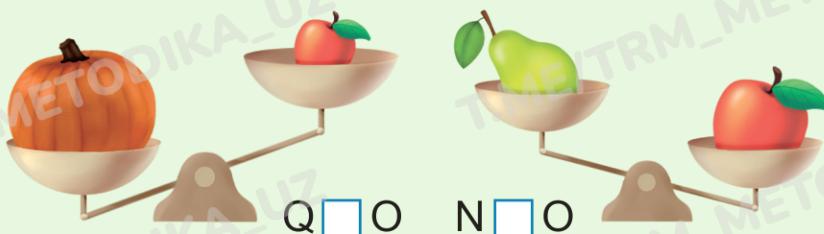
Sonlar va matematik belgilardan tashkil topgan matematik ifodalar sonli ifodalar deyiladi.

Agar ifodada sonlar va belgilardan tashqari harflar ham uchrasha, ular harfiy ifodalar deyiladi.

Harf bilan berilgan noma'lum qiymatga o'zgaruvchi deyiladi.



- Nima og'irroq? ">", "<", "=" belgilari yordamida yozing.



- Sonli ifodalarni sariq qalam bilan, harfiy ifodalarni havorang qalam bilan doiraga oling.

$9 + 16$

$72 + a$

$t + y$

$81 - b$

$15 - 8$

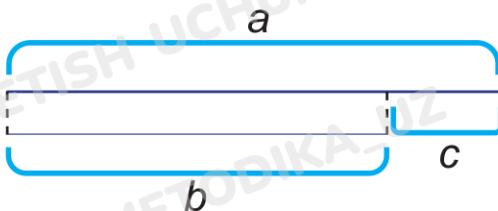
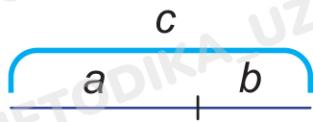
$m - n$

Qaysi ifodalarni hisoblash mumkin?

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3. Tenglikni sxemaga qarab yozing. Yana uchta tenglik tuzing.



$a + b =$	<input type="text"/>
$\square + \square =$	<input type="text"/>
$\square - a =$	<input type="text"/>
$\square - b =$	<input type="text"/>

$c + b =$	<input type="text"/>
$b + \square =$	<input type="text"/>
$\square - b =$	<input type="text"/>
$\square - c =$	<input type="text"/>

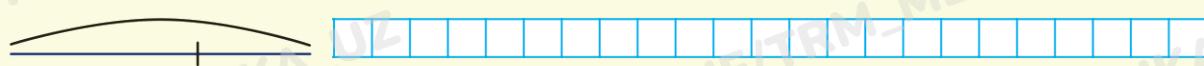


4. Masalani yechish uchun sxemani to'ldiring va ifodalar tuzing.

- a) Ona a kg apelsin va b kg olma sotib oldi. Ona hammasi bo'lib qancha meva sotib oldi?



- b) Ona kuvachaga k l sharbat quydi, qolgan 3 l ini idishda qoldirdi. Ona necha litr sharbat tayyorlagan?



- d) Daraxtdan 20 kg olcha terildi. Ona d kg olchadan murabbo qaynatildi. Qancha olcha qoldi?

